



Mujeres, Dones, Emakumeak, Mulleres de Grecia y Roma

Gynaikes, Mulieres: Mujeres, Dones, Emakumeak, Mulleres de Grecia y Roma (FCT-21-16887)	
Greece	Authorship: Oriol Morillas Samaniego
High Empire (1rst-2nd century AD)	
Field: prostitution	
<p>Source (in original language written sources: Greek, Latin):</p> <p>ὄτι μὲν γὰρ ἦν Μιλησία γένος, Ἀξιόχου θυγάτηρ, ὁμολογεῖται: φασὶ δ' αὐτὴν Θαρρηλίαν τινὰ τῶν παλαιῶν ἰάδων ζηλώσασαν ἐπιθέσθαι τοῖς δυνατωτάτοις ἀνδράσι. καὶ γὰρ ἡ Θαρρηλία τό τ' εἶδος εὐπρεπῆς γενομένη καὶ χάριν ἔχουσα μετὰ δεινότητος πλείστοις μὲν Ἑλλήνων συνώκησεν ἀνδράσι, πάντας δὲ προσεποίησε βασιλεῖ τοῦς πλησιάζαντας αὐτῇ, καὶ ταῖς πόλεσι μηδισμοῦ δι' ἐκείνων ὑπέσπειρεν ἀρχὰς δυνατωτάτων ὄντων καὶ μεγίστων.</p> <p>(Plutarch's Lives, III, B. Perrin, London: Harvard University Press, 1932)</p>	<p>Translation:</p> <p>That she [Aspasia] was a Milesian by birth, daughter of one Axiochus, is generally agreed; and they say that it was in emulation of Thargelia, an Ionian woman of ancient times, that she made her onslaughts upon the most influential men. This Thargelia came to be a great beauty and was endowed with grace of manners as well as clever wits. Inasmuch as she lived on terms of intimacy with numberless Greeks, and attached all her consorts to the king of Persia, she stealthily sowed the seeds of Persian sympathy in the cities of Greece by means of these lovers of hers, who were men of the greatest power and influence.</p> <p>(Plutarch, <i>Pericles</i>, 24, 2. Translated by B. Perrin)</p>
Didactic activity (if applicable):	