

Gynaikes, Mulieres: Mujeres, Dones, Emakumeak, Mulleres de Grecia y Roma (FCT-21-16887)	
Greece	Authorship: Oriol Morillas Samaniego
High Empire (1rst-2nd century AD)	
Field: marriage, politics	
Source (in original language written sources: Greek, Latin):	Translation:
Βαρσίνην γὰρ τὴν Ἀρταβάζου πρώτην ἐν Ἀσίᾳ γνοὺς ὁ Ἀλέξανδρος, ἐξ ἦς υἰὸν ἔσχεν Ἡρακλέα, τῶν ταύτης ἀδελφῶν Πτολεμαίῳ μὲν Ἀπάμαν, Εὐμενεῖ δὲ Βαρσίνην ἐξέδωκεν, ὅτε καὶ τὰς ἄλλας Περσίδας διένειμε καὶ συνώκισε τοῖς ἑταίροις. (Plutarch. <i>Plutarch's Lives</i> . with an English Translation by. Bernadotte Perrin. Cambridge, MA. Harvard University Press. London. William Heinemann Ltd. 1919)	For Barsiné the daughter of Artabazus, the first woman whom Alexander knew in Asia, and by whom he had a son, Heracles, had two sisters; of these Alexander gave one, Apama, to Ptolemy, and the other, also called Barsiné,¹ to Eumenes. This was at the time when he distributed the other Persian women as consorts among his companions. (Plutarch, Eumenes, 1, 7. Translated by B. Perrin)
Didactic activity (if applicable):	